

## Disclosure Statement Pursuant to the Pink Basic Disclosure Guidelines

# Livewire Ergogenics, Inc.

A Nevada Corporation  
1600 N Kraemer Blvd  
Anaheim, CA 92806-1410

---

714-740-5144  
[info@livewireergogenics.com](mailto:info@livewireergogenics.com)  
SIC Code: 2060

## Quarterly Report

**For the Period Ending: September 30, 2019**

As of September 30, 2019, the number of shares outstanding of our Common Stock was: 1,126,759,528

Indicate by check mark whether the company is a shell company (as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 and Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act of 1934):

Yes [ ] No [x]

Indicate by check mark whether the company's shell status has changed since the previous reporting period:

Yes [ ] No [x]

Indicate by check mark whether a Change in Control<sup>1</sup> of the company has occurred over this reporting period:

Yes [ ] No [x]

# Livewire Ergogenics, Inc.

---

## Table of Contents

Item 1	Name of the Issuer and Predecessor	3
Item 2	Security Information	3
Item 3	Issuance History	4
Item 4	Financial Statements	8
	Unaudited Balance Sheet for the quarter ending September 30, 2019 and 2018	
	Unaudited Statement of Operations for the quarter ending September 30, 2019 and 2018	
	Unaudited Statement of Cash Flows for the quarter ending September 30, 2019 and 2018	
	Consolidated Statement of Stockholder Deficit for the quarter ending September 30, 2019 and 2018	
	Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Item 5	Issuer's Business, Products and Services	16
Item 6	Issuer's Facilities	17
Item 7	Officers, Directors, and Control Persons	18
Item 8	Legal/Disciplinary History	19
Item 9	Third Party Suppliers	19
Item 10	Issuer Certification	21

**1) Name of the issuer and its predecessors**

Livewire Ergogenics, Inc. 9/20/2011 to current  
SF Blu Vu, Inc 5/15/2009 to 9/20/2011  
Semper Flowers, Inc. 10/9/2007 to 5/15/2009

The Company was formed in Nevada on October 9, 2007 under the name Semper Flowers, Inc. and on May 15, 2009, the Company changed its name to SF Blu Vu, Inc. On September 20, 2011, the Company changed its name to LIVEWIRE ERGOGENICS INC.

Incorporated in Nevada on October 9, 2007, Status: Active

Has the issuer or any of its predecessors ever been in bankruptcy, receivership, or any similar proceeding in the past five years?

Yes [ ] No [x]

**2) Security Information**

Trading symbol:	LVVV	
Exact title and class of securities outstanding:	Common	
CUSIP:	53838A 104	
Par or stated value:	\$0.0001	
Total shares authorized:	1,500,000,000	as of date: 09/30/2019
Total shares outstanding:	1,126,759,528	as of date: 09/30/2019
Number of shares in the Public Float <sup>2</sup> :	611,919,847	as of date: 11/14/2019
Total number of shareholders of record:	862+	as of date: 09/30/2019

*Additional class of securities (if any):*

Trading symbol:	n/a	
Exact title and class of securities outstanding:	Class B Preferred	
CUSIP:	n/a	
Par or stated value:	\$0.0001	
Total shares authorized:	10,000	as of date: 09/30/2019
Total shares outstanding:	32,820	as of date: 09/30/2019

Trading symbol:	n/a	
Exact title and class of securities outstanding:	Class C Preferred	
CUSIP:	n/a	
Par or stated value:	\$0.0001	
Total shares authorized:	75	as of date: 09/30/2019
Total shares outstanding:	75	as of date: 09/30/2019

**Transfer Agent**

Name: Continental Stock Transfer & Trust  
Phone: 212-856-3218  
Email: [eyoung@continentalstock.com](mailto:eyoung@continentalstock.com)

Is the Transfer Agent registered under the Exchange Act? Yes [X] No [ ]

Describe any trading suspension orders issued by the SEC concerning the issuer or its predecessors:

None

List any stock split, stock dividend, recapitalization, merger, acquisition, spin-off, or reorganization either currently anticipated or that occurred within the past 12 months:

None

**3) Issuance History in the past two completed fiscal years 2018 and 2019**

We have issued 7,000,000 new shares during the quarter ending September 30, 2019.

**A. Changes to the Number of Outstanding Shares**

Number of Shares outstanding as of <u>December 31, 2016</u>									
<u>Opening Balance:</u> Common: 526,124,393 Preferred: 32,895									
Date of Transaction	Transaction type (e.g. new issuance, cancellation, shares returned to treasury)	Number of Shares Issued (or cancelled)	Class of Securities	Value of shares issued (\$/per share) at Issuance	Were the shares issued at a discount to market price at the time of issuance? (Yes/No)	Individual/ Entity Shares were issued to (entities must have individual with voting / investment control disclosed).	Reason for share issuance (e.g. for cash or debt conversion) OR Nature of Services Provided (if applicable)	Restricted or Unrestricted as of this filing	Exemption or Registration Type?
<u>1/26/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Ron Katz</u>	<u>Consulting</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>1/26/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Albert Manni</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>1/26/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Allen Chayut</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>1/26/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>3,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Bernard Shoter</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>1/26/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>David Katz</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>1/26/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Herb Kaplan</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>1/26/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Jason Chayut</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>1/26/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Susan Katz</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/27/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>15,625,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Cliff Rusin</u>	<u>Consulting</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/27/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Parker Rusin</u>	<u>Consulting</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/27/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Brad Rusin</u>	<u>Consulting</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/28/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Tracy Joslin</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/28/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Allen Chayut</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>3/2/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Tom Dooley</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>3/14/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.03</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Ron Katz</u>	<u>Consulting</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>3/29/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>333,333</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Bonnie Shapiro</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>3/29/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Albert Manni</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>3/29/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>333,333</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Bernard Shoter</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>

<u>3/29/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>166,667</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Frank Manni</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>3/29/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>333,333</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Ross Shoter</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>3/29/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>333,333</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Stan Krantz</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/12/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>6,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Allison Hess</u>	<u>Asset Purchase</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/12/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>6,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>James Haas</u>	<u>Asset Purchase</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/12/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>6,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Ray Hoogerand</u>	<u>Asset Purchase</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/12/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>6,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Bob Kaufman</u>	<u>Asset Purchase</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/13/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>5,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Hector Garcia</u>	<u>Design Services</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/13/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>5,625,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Cliff Rusin</u>	<u>Consulting</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/13/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Parker Rusin</u>	<u>Consulting</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/13/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Brad Rusin</u>	<u>Consulting</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/17/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Leon Fleishman</u>	<u>Consulting</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/17/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Parker Rusin</u>	<u>Consulting</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/17/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Ron Katz</u>	<u>Consulting</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/17/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Gary Williams</u>	<u>Debt Conversion</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/19/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>333,333</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Yu Chen</u>	<u>Compensation</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/19/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Ira Gains</u>	<u>Compensation</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/19/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,666,666</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Larry Whitehead</u>	<u>Compensation</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>4/17/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>625,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Larry Acton</u>	<u>Consulting</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>3246,753</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Erik Szyluk</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Trace Magelles</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Jim Magelles</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Paige Bantum</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Christy Jackson</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Steph Verchuren</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Regan Strand</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Mackenzie Magelles</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Melvin Weaver</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Christine Elinzondo</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Payton Fury</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Zoie Schnable</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>John Ramar</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Dylan Joseph</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Kobe Shaw</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>

<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Ryan Maczuga</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Alex Garza</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Tom Saenze</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Sunny Jones</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>John Blanco</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Bryan Blanco</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Richard Shaw</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Kline Shaw</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Devin Tinkham</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Addison Perry</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Seth Lee</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Cameron Marshall</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Chloe Crawford</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Jake George</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/18/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Conner Brennan</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/22/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>5,263,157</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>James Connors</u>	<u>Compensation</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>5/22/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,857,142</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Jeff Halloran</u>	<u>Compensation</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>6/21/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>3,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Jason Olsen</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>6/21/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>3,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Kyle McKay</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>6/21/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>3,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Marci Hawkins</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>6/25/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Kyle McKAy</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>6/25/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Jason Olsen</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>7/12/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>18,900,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>David Torgerud</u>	<u>Settlement</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>7/12/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Terry Barnaby</u>	<u>Settlement</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>7/12/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>8,900,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Jim Beuchler</u>	<u>Settlement</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>7/12/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>5,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Allen Holck</u>	<u>Settlement</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>7/12/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>5,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Nathan Wratislaw</u>	<u>Settlement</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>7/12/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>20,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Bao Ngo</u>	<u>Settlement</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>9/4/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Parker Rusin</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>9/4/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Ron Katz</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>9/4/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Leon Fleyshman</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>9/4/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>3,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Marci Hawkins</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>9/4/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,851,852</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Kathryn Bono</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>9/4/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,851,852</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Jerry Katz</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>

<u>9/4/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,375,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Cliff Rusin</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>9/4/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>8,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Cliff Rusin</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>9/7/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>10,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Fred Berger</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>9/4/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>625,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Larry Acton</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>9/27/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Michael Harris</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>10/10/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>10,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Brian Barnes</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>10/23/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Tom Baird</u>	<u>Asset Purchase</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>10/23/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Victor Echeveri</u>	<u>Asset Purchase</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>10/23/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Ron Ourashi</u>	<u>Asset Purchase</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>10/23/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Gary Latham</u>	<u>Asset Purchase</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>11/9/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>9,375,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Cliff Rusin</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>11/9/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Parker Rusin</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>11/9/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>2,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Ron Katz</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>11/9/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Leon Fleishman</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>11/9/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>625,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Larry Acton</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>11/9/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Kyle McKay</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>12/5/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>5,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>James Connors</u>	<u>Sponsorship</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>12/5/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>5,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Verde Newell</u>	<u>Compensation</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>12/5/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,250,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Eric Herrer</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>12/5/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>1,470,588</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Ron Katz</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>12/5/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>750,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Carter Terry</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>12/5/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>425,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Alan Cabibi</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>12/5/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>14,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Rainer Poertner</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>12/5/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>40,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Bill Hodson</u>	<u>Employment</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>12/5/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>200,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Alex Esquivel</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>12/5/18</u>	<u>New</u>	<u>500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.015</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Adrienne Joeut</u>	<u>Compensation</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/6/19</u>	<u>Issuance</u>	<u>9,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>10k</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Ira Gains</u>		<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/6/19</u>	<u>Issuance</u>	<u>1,333,333</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>10k</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Eric Szyuk</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/6/19</u>	<u>Issuance</u>	<u>2,083,333</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>10k</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Richard Bottner</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/6/19</u>	<u>Issuance</u>	<u>1,333,333</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>10k</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Mike Arkin</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/6/19</u>	<u>Issuance</u>	<u>3,246,753</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>10k</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Robert Basinoff</u>	<u>Cash</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/6/19</u>	<u>Issuance</u>	<u>2,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>10k</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Ron Katz</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/6/19</u>	<u>Issuance</u>	<u>2,617,558</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>10k</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>James Eaton</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/6/19</u>	<u>Issuance</u>	<u>9,375,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>10k</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Cliff Rusin</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/6/19</u>	<u>Issuance</u>	<u>1,500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>10k</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Leon Fleishman</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>

<u>2/6/19</u>	<u>Issuance</u>	<u>500,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>10k</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Kyle McKay</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>2/6/19</u>	<u>Issuance</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>10k</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Parker Rusin</u>	<u>Consultant</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>
<u>9/10/19</u>	<u>Issuance</u>	<u>7,000,000</u>	<u>Com</u>	<u>0.013</u>	<u>No</u>	<u>Larry Whitehead</u>	<u>Compensation</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>4(a)(2)</u>

Shares Outstanding on <u>9/30/2019</u> :	<u>Ending Balance:</u> Common: <u>1,126,759,528</u> Preferred: <u>32,895</u>
--	--

#### A. Debt Securities, Including Promissory and Convertible Notes

<u>Date of Note Issuance</u>	<u>Outstanding Balance (\$)</u>	<u>Principal Amount at Issuance (\$)</u>	<u>Interest Accrued (\$)</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Conversion Terms (e.g. pricing mechanism for determining conversion of instrument to shares)</u>	<u>Name of Noteholder</u>	<u>Reason for Issuance (e.g. Loan, Services, etc.)</u>
<u>4/22/14</u>	<u>\$196,341</u>	<u>\$230,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>12/15/16</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>Brad Nichols</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>8/16/13</u>	<u>\$156,281</u>	<u>\$100,000</u>	<u>\$56,281</u>	<u>8/16/16</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>Louise Uklea</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>10/3/13</u>	<u>\$83,316</u>	<u>\$50,000</u>	<u>33,316</u>	<u>10/26/16</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>Mishelle Herr</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>5/7/13</u>	<u>\$16,791</u>	<u>\$12,000</u>	<u>\$4,791</u>	<u>5/6/14</u>	<u>0.05</u>	<u>Michelle Breneman</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>8/1/12</u>	<u>\$16,419</u>	<u>\$10,000</u>	<u>\$6,419</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>Non</u>	<u>United Capital/Chris MacDougall</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>10/23/12</u>	<u>\$18,847</u>	<u>\$15,000</u>	<u>\$3,847</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>M City / Jason Ekus</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>10/15/13</u>	<u>\$21,000</u>	<u>\$21,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>J&amp;K / Ken Kotchnik</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>9/29/17</u>	<u>\$32,349</u>	<u>\$25,000</u>	<u>\$7,349</u>	<u>10/15/19</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>Paradise Wire/Ira Gains</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>4/2/18</u>	<u>\$165,234</u>	<u>\$152,750</u>	<u>\$12,484</u>	<u>10/31/19</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>Ira Gains</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>4/16/18</u>	<u>\$150,000</u>	<u>\$100,000</u>	<u>\$50,000</u>	<u>12/16/18</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>JC Loans/Wm. Riley</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>6/29/18</u>	<u>\$118,123</u>	<u>\$250,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>6/29/19</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>Peachtree Ira Gains</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>7/26/18</u>	<u>\$71,631</u>	<u>\$65,000</u>	<u>\$6,631</u>	<u>4/26/19</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>Larry Whitehead</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>8/15/18</u>	<u>\$5,813</u>	<u>\$10,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5/15/19</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>Addriane Jouet</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>8/15/18</u>	<u>\$10,000</u>	<u>\$10,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>5/15/19</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>David Torgerud</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>10/19/18</u>	<u>\$103,324</u>	<u>103,324</u>	<u>\$3,324</u>	<u>10/18/19</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>Verde/Mike Newell</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>12/16/18</u>	<u>\$151,000</u>	<u>\$151,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>12/16/19</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>Peachtree/Ira Gains</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>03/01/19</u>	<u>\$500,000</u>	<u>\$550,000</u>	<u>\$50,000</u>	<u>06/01/19</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>Tom Cling</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>4/1/2019</u>	<u>\$500,000</u>	<u>500,000</u>	<u>\$10,000</u>	<u>4/1/2020</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>Ira Gains</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>4/2/2019</u>	<u>\$19,000</u>	<u>\$50,000</u>	<u>\$1,000</u>	<u>6.2.2019</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>Wes Miyake</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>7/17/19</u>	<u>\$10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>\$5,000</u>	<u>7/17/2020</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>Chris Barnhardt</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>7/17/19</u>	<u>\$5,000</u>	<u>\$5,000</u>	<u>\$2,500</u>	<u>7/17/2020</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>JE Prince</u>	<u>Loan</u>
<u>8.16.2019</u>	<u>\$100,000</u>	<u>\$100,000</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>9/16/2020</u>	<u>None</u>	<u>Peachtree / I. Gains</u>	<u>Loan</u>



**4) Financial Statements**

A. The following financial statements were prepared in accordance with:

U.S. GAAP

IFRS

LIIVEWIRE ERGOGENICS, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET  
(UNAUDITED)

	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
<b>ASSETS</b>		
Current assets		
Cash	\$ 5,321	27,948
Accounts Receivable	30,000	-
Installment receivable	360,000	-
Prepaid expense and other current assets	493,629	20,040
Total current assets	888,950	47,988
Fixed assets, net	653,872	745,022
Licenses	602,973	590,000
Investments	935,253	369,000
Total other assets	2,192,098	1,704,022
Total assets	\$ 3,081,048	\$ 1,752,010
<b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	475,465	349,646
Convertible notes, net of unamortized discounts	218,250	218,250
Notes payable, net of unamortized discounts	1,651,422	951,074
Notes payable - related party	196,341	196,341
Total current liabilities	2,541,478	1,715,311
Total liabilities	2,541,478	1,715,311
Stockholders' deficit		
Preferred stock; \$0.0001 par value; 10,000,000 shares authorized; 32,895 and 32,895 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively	-	-
Common stock; \$0.0001 par value; 1,500,000,000 shares authorized; 1,126,759,528 and 1,085,270,218 shares issued and outstanding as of September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively	112,678	108,529
Stock Payable	1,196,900	230,400
Additional paid-in capital	22,129,394	21,306,608
Accumulated earnings (deficit)	(22,769,979)	(21,608,838)
Total stockholders' deficit	668,993	36,699
Non-controlling interest	(129,423)	-
Total stockholders deficit to shareholders	539,570	36,699
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 3,081,048	\$ 1,752,010

LIVEWIRE ERGOGENICS, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS  
(UNAUDITED)

	For the three months ended		For the nine months ended	
	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
Revenue	\$ 184,200	\$ 17,790	\$ 603,382	\$ 34,534
Cost of goods sold	6,960	44,909	387,060	53,278
Gross profit	177,240	(27,119)	216,322	(18,744)
Operating expenses				
Professional fees	44,601	107,559	182,921	419,020
Stock based consulting expense	91,000	1,244,503	596,535	5,718,100
General and administrative expenses	130,952	80,396	343,085	228,955
Depreciation and amortization	34,666	34,163	102,350	83,711
Total operating expenses	301,219	1,466,621	1,224,891	6,449,786
Other income (expense)				
Loss on debt settlement	-	-	-	(35,700)
Stock based legal settlement expense	-	-	-	(2,727,800)
Gain (loss) on sale of investment shares	400,000	-	400,000	-
Interest expense	(225,676)	(223,972)	(670,355)	(503,260)
Total other income (expense)	174,324	(223,972)	(270,355)	(3,266,760)
Net income (loss)	\$ 50,345	\$ (1,717,712)	\$ (1,278,924)	\$ (9,735,290)
Less: Net loss to noncontrolling interest	(44,404)	-	(105,675)	-
Net income (loss) to shareholders	\$ 94,749	\$ (1,717,712)	\$ (1,173,249)	\$ (9,735,290)
Net income (loss) per common share - basic	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	1,121,315,083	965,151,644	1,111,843,228	908,884,842

LIVEWIRE ERGOGENICS, INC.  
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW  
(UNAUDITED)

	For the Nine Months Ended	
	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
<b>Cash Flows from Operating Activities</b>		
Net loss	\$ (1,278,924)	\$ (9,735,290)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Stock based compensation	596,535	5,718,100
Stock issued for legal settlement	-	2,727,800
Loss on settlement of debt	-	35,700
Depreciation and amortization	102,350	83,711
Amortization of debt discount	566,181	199,010
Changes in assets and liabilities		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses and other current assets	(485,229)	(7,500)
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(30,000)	-
Increase in installment receivable	(360,000)	-
Increase in stock payable	147,000	(147,500)
Increase (Decrease) in accounts payable	125,819	13,369
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(616,268)</u>	<u>(1,112,600)</u>
<b>Cash Flows from investing</b>		
Purchase of investments	-	(25,000)
Purchase of land	(566,253)	(100,000)
Investments in licensing	(12,973)	-
Purchase of fixed assets	(11,200)	(385,296)
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(590,426)</u>	<u>(510,296)</u>
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>		
Payments on promissory notes	(145,933)	(37,500)
Proceeds from promissory notes	1,300,000	885,250
Payments on convertible debt	-	(25,000)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	30,000	692,500
Net cash from financing activities	<u>1,184,067</u>	<u>1,515,250</u>
Net increase (decrease) in Cash	<u>(22,627)</u>	<u>(107,646)</u>
Beginning cash balance	<u>27,948</u>	<u>112,895</u>
Ending cash balance	<u>\$ 5,321</u>	<u>\$ 5,249</u>
<b>Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information</b>		
Cash paid for interest	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Cash paid for tax	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

# Notes to Financial Statements

## Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements. This discussion should not be construed to imply that the results discussed herein will necessarily continue into the future, or that any conclusion reached herein will necessarily be indicative of actual operating results in the future. LiveWire has been operating in the health and wellness industry for several years, and specializes in identifying and monetizing current and future trends in the health and wellness industry. The Company is focused on specialty real estate acquisitions, licensing and management of fully compliant turnkey production facilities for cannabis cloning, nursery and extraction operations.

The Company is also in the process of establishing research partnerships to explore the application of cannabinoid-based products to target specific ailments or conditions with large "sufferer" populations for human and veterinarian applications. The resulting advanced product development and subsequent commercialization will take advantage of a rapidly growing, maturing cannabis industry, accelerated by advancing legalization in California and the country. The company is led by a team of visionary entrepreneurs, experienced operators and cannabis industry experts as well as scientists, horticulturists and extraction specialists who apply the latest scientific knowledge and technology to deliver quality-controlled, rigorously tested cannabis products on a large scale.

The Company currently operates under a permit for the cultivation of its products in Coachella, California, a Statewide distribution license from the Bureau of Cannabis Control California and a Minor Use Permit for its location in Paso Robles via its wholly owned subsidiary GHC Ventures. The Company does not sell or distribute any products anywhere that are in violation of the United States Controlled Substance Act. The Company is planning to strategically align itself and/or acquire carefully selected cannabis operators and will only work with or have ownership in companies that are in complete compliance with Federal and State laws and have the required permits to operate. LiveWire Ergogenics pursues a unique business model acquiring and operating fully compliant nursery and clone facilities, extraction operations to manufacture high-quality products targeted at growers and large sellers in the industry to become a fully vertically integrated company that will satisfy the fast-growing demand in the California cannabis market and to expand its operations nationwide as soon as Federal legislation permits.

## Critical Accounting Policies

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect our reported assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. We base our estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other assumptions we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Future events, however, may differ markedly from our current expectations and assumptions. While there are a number of significant accounting policies affecting our consolidated financial statements; we believe the following critical accounting policies involve the most complex, difficult and subjective estimates and judgments:

**Accounts Receivable** – We evaluate the collectability of our trade accounts receivable based on a number of factors. In circumstances where we become aware of a specific customer's inability to meet its financial obligations to us, a specific reserve for bad debts is estimated and recorded, which reduces the recognized receivable to the estimated amount we believe will ultimately be collected. In addition to specific customer identification of potential bad debts, bad debt charges are recorded based on our recent loss history and an overall assessment of past due trade accounts receivable outstanding.

**Inventories** – Inventories are stated at the lower of cost to purchase and/or manufacture the inventory or the current estimated market value of the inventory. We regularly review our inventory quantities on hand and record a provision for excess and obsolete inventory based primarily on our estimated forecast of product demand, production availability and/or our ability to sell the product(s) concerned. Demand for our products can fluctuate significantly. Factors that could affect demand for our products include unanticipated changes in consumer preferences, general market and economic conditions or other factors that may result in cancellations of advance orders or reductions in the rate of reorders placed by customers and/or continued weakening of economic conditions. Additionally, management's estimates of future product demand may be inaccurate, which could result in an understated or overstated provision required for excess and obsolete inventory.

**Long-Lived Assets** – Management regularly reviews property and equipment and other long-lived assets, including certain definite-lived identifiable intangible assets, for possible impairment. This review occurs annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. If there is indication of impairment of property and equipment or amortizable intangible assets, then management prepares an estimate of future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) expected to result from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. If these cash flows are less

than the carrying amount of the asset, an impairment loss is recognized to write down the asset to its estimated fair value. The fair value is estimated at the present value of the future cash flows discounted at a rate commensurate with management's estimates of the business risks.

**Revenue Recognition** – We recognize revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the sales price is fixed or determinable and collectability is reasonably assured. Generally, ownership of and title to our products pass to customers upon delivery of the products to customers. Net sales have been determined after deduction of promotional and other allowances in accordance with ASC 605-50. Amounts received pursuant to new and/or amended distribution agreements entered into with certain distributors, relating to the costs associated with terminating our prior distributors, are accounted for as revenue ratably over the anticipated life of the respective distribution agreement, generally 20 years. Management believes that adequate provision has been made for cash discounts, returns and spoilage based on our historical experience.

**Cost of Sales** – Cost of sales consists of the costs of raw materials utilized in the manufacture of products, co-packing fees, repacking fees, in-bound freight charges, as well as certain internal transfer costs, warehouse expenses incurred prior to the manufacture of our finished products and certain quality control costs. Raw materials account for the largest portion of the cost of sales.

**Operating Expenses** – Operating expenses include selling expenses such as distribution expenses to transport products to customers and warehousing expenses after manufacture, as well as expenses for advertising, commissions and other marketing expenses. Operating expenses also include payroll costs, travel costs, professional service fees including legal fees, entertainment, insurance, postage, depreciation and other general and administrative costs.

**Income Taxes** – We utilize the liability method of accounting for income taxes as set forth in ASC 740. Under the liability method, deferred taxes are determined based on the temporary differences between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using tax rates expected to be in effect during the years in which the basis differences reverse. A valuation allowance is recorded when it is more likely than not that some of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. In determining the need for valuation allowances we consider projected future taxable income and the availability of tax planning strategies. If in the future we determine that we would not be able to realize our recorded deferred tax assets, an increase in the valuation allowance would be recorded, decreasing earnings in the period in which such determination is made.

We assess our income tax positions and record tax benefits for all years subject to examination based upon our evaluation of the facts, circumstances and information available at the reporting date. For those tax positions where there is a greater than 50% likelihood that a tax benefit will be sustained, we have recorded the largest amount of tax benefit that may potentially be realized upon ultimate settlement with a taxing authority that has full knowledge of all relevant information. For those income tax positions where there is less than 50% likelihood that a tax benefit will be sustained, no tax benefit has been recognized in the financial statements.

**Derivative Liabilities** - The Company assessed the classification of its derivative financial instruments as of December 31, 2019, which consist of Convertible instruments and rights to shares of the Company's common stock, and determined that such derivatives meet the criteria for liability classification under ASC 815.

ASC 815 generally provides three criteria that, if met, require companies to bifurcate conversion options from their host instruments and account for them as free standing derivative financial instruments. These three criteria include circumstances in which (a) the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative instrument are not clearly and closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, (b) the hybrid instrument that embodies both the embedded derivative instrument and the host contract is not re-measured at fair value under otherwise applicable generally accepted accounting principles with changes in fair value reported in earnings as they occur and (c) a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative instrument would be considered a derivative instrument subject to the requirements of ASC 815. ASC 815 also provides an exception to this rule when the host instrument is deemed to be conventional, as described.

**Fair Value of Financial Instruments** - The Company has adopted FASB ASC 820-Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, or ASC 820, for assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis. ASC 820 establishes a common definition for fair value to be applied to existing generally accepted accounting principles that require the use of fair value measurements establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosure about such fair value measurements. The adoption of ASC 820 did not have an impact on the Company's financial position or operating results, but did expand certain disclosures.

ASC 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Additionally, ASC 820 requires the use of valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. These inputs are prioritized below:

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little no market data, which require the use of the reporting entity's own assumptions.

The Company did not have any Level 2 or Level 3 assets or liabilities as of March 30, 2019, with the exception of its convertible notes payable and derivative liability, if any. The carrying amounts of these liabilities at March 30, 2019 approximate their respective fair value based on the Company's incremental borrowing rate.

Cash is considered to be highly liquid and easily tradable as of March 30, 2019 and therefore classified as Level 1 within our fair value hierarchy.

In addition, FASB ASC 825-10-25 Fair Value Option, or ASC 825-10-25, was effective for January 1, 2008. ASC 825-10-25 expands opportunities to use fair value measurements in financial reporting and permits entities to choose to measure many financial instruments and certain other items at fair value. The Company did not elect the fair value options for any of its qualifying financial instruments.

**Convertible Instruments** - The Company evaluates and accounts for conversion options embedded in its convertible instruments in accordance with professional standards for "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities. Professional standards generally provides three criteria that, if met, require companies to bifurcate conversion options from their host instruments and account for them as free standing derivative financial instruments. These three criteria include circumstances in which (a) the economic characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative instrument are not clearly and closely related to the economic characteristics and risks of the host contract, (b) the hybrid instrument that embodies both the embedded derivative instrument and the host contract is not re-measured at fair value under otherwise applicable generally accepted accounting principles with changes in fair value reported in earnings as they occur and (c) a separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative instrument would be considered a derivative instrument. Professional standards also provide an exception to this rule when the host instrument is deemed to be conventional as defined under professional standards as the Meaning of "Conventional Convertible Debt Instrument".

The Company accounts for convertible instruments (when it has determined that the embedded conversion options should not Be Bifurcated from their host instruments) in accordance with professional standards when "Accounting for Convertible Securities with Beneficial Conversion Features," as those professional standards pertain to "Certain Convertible Instruments. Accordingly, the Company records, when necessary, discounts to convertible notes for the intrinsic value of conversion options embedded in debt instruments based upon the differences between the fair value of the underlying common stock at the commitment date of the note transaction and the effective conversion price embedded in the note. Debt discounts under these arrangements are amortized over the term of the related debt to their earliest date of redemption. The Company also records when necessary deemed dividends for the intrinsic value of conversion options embedded in preferred shares based upon the differences between the fair value of the underlying common stock at the commitment date of the note transaction and the effective conversion price embedded in the note.

ASC 81540 provides that, among other things, generally, if an event is not within the entity's control could or require net cash settlement, then the contract shall be classified as an asset or a liability.

### **Results of operation for the six-and nine-months period 2019**

During the the quarter ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, we incurred net income of \$94,749 and a loss of \$1,717,712 respectively, an increase of \$1,812,461 in net income. The improvement was mainly caused by significantly reduced operating expenses and by a gain of other income, mainly caused by the sale of investment stock. During the nine months period ending September 30, 2019 we incurred net loss of \$1,173,249 compared to \$9,735,290 during the same period in 2018 a decrease of \$8,562,04. The decrease in loss was mainly driven by the reduction in operating expenses and stock based consulting expenses.

**Comparison of the results of operations for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018.** During the quarter ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, sales of our products and services increased to \$184,200 from \$17,790 in the same three month period in 2018, an increase of \$166,410. For the nine months period ending in September 2019 sales increased to \$603,382 compared to \$34,534 in the same period in 2018, an increase of \$568,848. The increase is based on asset and property rental, and our subsidiary GHC Ventures receiving a State licenses for state-wide cannabis operations in late 2018 and has begun to generate increasing revenues in the distribution services division of the business.

**Gross Profit.** For the quarter ended September 30, 2019, our gross profit increased to \$177,240 compared to a gross profit of (\$27,119) for the quarter ended September 30, 2018, an increase of \$204,359. The increase is based on mangement's efforts in streamlining operations and increased activity in the distribution network, entering into more profitbale projects in this business sector. For the nine months period ending June 2019 Gross Profit increased to \$216,322 from (\$18,744) during the same period in 2018, an increase of \$235,066.

## Costs and Expenses

**General and Administrative.** During the quarter ended September 30, 2019, general and administrative expenses amounted to \$130,952, as compared to \$80,396 in the quarter ended September 30, 2018, an increase of \$50,556. In the nine months period ending June 2019 General and Administrative increased to \$343,085 compared to \$228,955 in the same period in 2018, an increase of \$114,130. The increase was due to additional hiring of personell, especially sales, distribution and research personell.

**Professional Fees.** During the quarter ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, Professional Fees totaled \$44,601 and \$107,559 respectively, a decrease of \$61,958. During the same nine months period Professional Fees decreased to \$182,921 from \$419,020 respectively, a decrease of \$236,099, due to the fact that activities for legal in connection with the application for several permits and fees connected with the Paso Robles operation, accounting, consulting and permit fees have been concluded to a large degree in the second quarter of 2019. In addition, required environmental research reports have also been concluded in their majority.

**Interest expense.** During the quarter ended September 30, 2019 interest expense totaled \$225,676 compared to \$223,972 during the same quarter in 2018, an increase of \$1,704. During the same nine months period interest expense increased from \$503,260 to \$670,355, an increase of \$167,095. The primary reason for the increase is the additional use of short term loan instruments.

### Loans

On July 17, 2019 the Company secured a 10,000 for use as general working capital.

On July 17, 2019 the Company secured a \$5,000 loan for use as general working capital.

On October 16, 2019, the Company secured a 100,000 loan for use as general working capital.

**Gain on change in fair value of derivative liability.** As described in our accompanying consolidated financial statements, we issue convertible notes with certain conversion features that have certain reset provisions. All of which, we are required to bifurcate from the host financial instrument and mark to market each reporting period. We recorded the initial fair value of the reset provision as a liability with an offset to equity or debt discount and subsequently mark to market the reset provision liability at each reporting cycle.

## Going Concern

The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared using U.S. GAAP applicable to a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. We have an accumulated deficit of \$22,769,979 and our current assets of \$3,081,048 exceeded our current liabilities of \$2,541,478 by \$539,570 as of September 30, 2019. We may require additional funding to sustain our operations and satisfy our contractual obligations for our planned operations. Our ability to establish the Company as a going concern is may be dependent upon our ability to obtain additional funding in order to finance our planned operations.

In order to continue as a going concern, develop a reliable source of revenues, and achieve a profitable level of operations the Company will need, among other things, additional capital resources. Management's plans to continue as a going concern include raising additional capital through increased sales of product and by sale of common shares. However, management cannot provide any assurances that the Company will be successful in accomplishing any of its plans. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon its ability to successfully accomplish the plans described in the preceding paragraph and eventually secure other sources of financing and attain profitable operations. The accompanying consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

## 5) Issuer's Business, Products and Services

LiveWire Ergigenics, Inc. was originally formed as MC2, LLC ("LVWR") was organized under the laws of the State of California on January 7, 2008 as a limited liability company. LVWR was formed for the purpose of developing and marketing consumable energy supplements. LVWR adopted December 31 as the fiscal year end.

On June 30, 2011, LVWR, together with its members, entered into a purchase agreement (the "Purchase Agreement"), for a share exchange with SF Blu Vu, Inc., ("SF Blu"), a public Nevada shell corporation. SF Blu Vu Inc. was formed in Nevada on October 9, 2007 under the name Semper Flowers, Inc. On May 15, 2009, Semper Flowers, Inc. changed its name to SF Blu Vu, Inc. The Purchase Agreement was ultimately completed on August 31, 2011. Under the terms of the Purchase Agreement, SF Blu issued 36,000,000 (30,000,000 shares pre stock split of 1 (one) additional share for every five shares held) of their common shares for 100% of the members' interest in LVWR.



Subsequent to the Purchase Agreement, the members of LVWR owned 60% of common shares of SF Blu, effectively obtaining operational and management control of SFBlu. For accounting purposes, the transaction has been accounted for as a reverse acquisition under the purchase method of business combinations, and accordingly the transaction has been treated as a recapitalization of LVWR, the accounting acquirer in this transaction, with SF Blu (the shell) as the legal acquirer.

Subsequent to the Purchase Agreement being completed, SF Blu as the legal acquirer and surviving company, together with their controlling stockholders from LVWR changed the name of SF Blu to LiveWire Ergogenics, Inc. ("LiveWire") on September 20, 2011. Hereafter, SF Blu, LVWR, or LiveWire are referred to as the "Company", unless specific reference is made to an individual entity.

LiveWire has been operating in the health and wellness industry for several years and specializes in identifying and monetizing current and future trends in the health and wellness industry. The Company is focused on specialty real estate acquisitions, licensing and management of fully compliant turnkey production facilities for cannabis cloning, nursery and extraction operations. The Company is also in the process of establishing research partnerships to explore the application of cannabinoid-based products to target specific ailments or conditions with large "sufferer" populations for human and veterinarian applications. The resulting advanced product development and subsequent commercialization will take advantage of a rapidly growing and maturing, further legalized cannabis industry, accelerated by advancing legalization in California and the country. The company is led by a team of visionary entrepreneurs, experienced operators and cannabis industry experts as well as scientists, horticulturists and extraction specialists who apply the latest scientific knowledge and technology to deliver quality-controlled, rigorously tested cannabis products on a large scale.

During 2017 the Company has discontinued operations for the sale of its edibles and began focusing on the implementation of its revised and expanded business plan.

The Company's subsidiary GHC Ventures currently operates under a permit for the cultivation of its products in Coachella, California, a Statewide distribution license from the Bureau of Cannabis Control California and a Minor Use Permit for its location in Pas Robles and does not sell or distribute any products anywhere that are in violation of the United States Controlled Substance Act. The Company is planning to strategically align itself and/or acquire carefully selected cannabis operators and will only work with or have ownership in companies that are in complete compliance with Federal and State laws and have the required permits to operate. LiveWire Ergogenics pursues a unique business model acquiring and operating fully compliant nursery and clone facilities, extraction operations to manufacture high-quality products targeted at growers and large sellers in the industry that will satisfy the fast-growing demand in the California cannabis market and to expand its operations nationwide as soon as Federal legislation permits.

GHC Ventures, LLC is a California Limited Liability Company, a subsidiary of LiveWire is engaged in California state licensed cannabis nursery and distribution services. GHC currently holds two state licenses in Coachella, CA and one local area permit for nursery operations in Paso Robles, CA and will be submitting for State approval in the third quarter of 2019.

In May of 2019 Livewire, via a newly formed company Estrella Ranch Partners, LLC purchased a 265-acre ranch facility in Paso Robles to house an advanced virtually integrated and fully permitted cannabis facility.

LiveWire Ergogenics, Inc., together with its subsidiaries and contractual partners specializes in identifying and monetizing current and future trends in the health and wellness industry, including the acquisition, design and management of real estate properties for legal, fully controlled and self-contained cannabis operations. These operations include the development and licensing of high-quality cannabinoid-based products and services, the cloning of cannabis strains to produce positive medicinal results and the dosing verification of zero pesticide products via the Company's "7X-Pure Dosage and Verification System". The Company is also entering into select research partnerships to explore the application of cannabinoid-based products to target specific ailments or conditions with large "sufferer" populations, for human and veterinarian applications.

The company does not sell or distribute any products anywhere that are in violation of the United States Controlled Substance Act and will only work with or have ownership in companies that are in complete compliance with Federal and State laws and have the required permits to operate.

## 6) Issuer's Facilities

The Company leases space at the following location:

LiveWire Ergogenics, Inc.  
1600 N Kreamer Boulevard  
Anaheim, CA

Chief Executive Officer, Bill Hodson and the Chief Operating Officer, Cliff Rusin work full-time at this location. This 1,500-square foot space serves as our headquarter. It has extensive office space and large available warehouse areas. This is a month-to-month lease at \$1,500 per month. Part-time employees are used from time-to-time to satisfy order processing requirement. This facility allows us to dynamically expand operations and add personnel as necessary in the future. Further, on an as needed basis, additional sales and business development efforts are performed by independent consultants located throughout the country.

In the second quarter of 2018, the company, through its subsidiary GHC Ventures, entered into a lease agreement for approximately 1500 square feet in Coachella, California. The company's permits issued by the City of Coachella for Nursery, Cultivation and Distribution are attached to the Coachella property. This is an annual lease at \$7,500 per month.

Operated by LiveWire's subsidiary GHC Ventures, the cultivation facilities at Coachella is hosting several forty (40) foot high-tech and self-contained Production PODs equipped with dedicated air conditioning and decontamination units and will be used for the cloning and cultivation of mom and teen plants to produce proprietary, high-quality and pesticide-free cannabis strains. GHC Ventures has obtained the cultivation and distribution permits required for the legal operation of its services.

Livewire is developing its "7X Pure Dosing and Verification" testing system that it plans to provide to the entire industry eventually. Release if the system is planned the fourth quarter of 2019.

In the third quarter of 2018, the company, through its subsidiary GHC Ventures, agreed to a lease for approximately 25,000 square feet located at 655 Almond Drive, Paso Robles, CA. The lease is for the operation for its recently granted Minor Use Permit for Cannabis Nursery Cultivation. The lease commenced during the second quarter of 2019.

## 7) Officers, Directors, and Control Persons

We currently have 2 full-time employees and several consultants who are based in California. These employees oversee day-to-day operations of the Company in Anaheim, Coachella and Paso Robles and, with the consultants supporting management, engineering, manufacturing, and administration.

Name of Officer/Director and Control Person	Affiliation with Company (e.g. Officer/Director/Owner of more than 5%)	Residential Address (City / State Only)	Number of shares owned	Share type/class	Ownership Percentage of Class Outstanding
Bill Hodson	Board Member, Chief Executive Officer, Treasurer	<u>Orange, CA</u>	54,629,000	<u>Comm</u>	<u>5%</u>
Bill Hodson	Board Member, Chief Executive Officer, Treasurer	<u>Orange, CA</u>	75	Preferred C	<u>100%</u>
William Riley	Director	<u>Las Vegas, NV</u>	0	n/a	n/a
Michael Corrigan	Director	<u>Carlsbad, CA</u>	0	n/a	n/a

Note:

Cliff Rusin resigned as the President in September 2019. The Company is currently interviewing several candidates for his replacement.

## 8) Legal/Disciplinary History

A. Please identify whether any of the persons listed above have, in the past 10 years, been the subject of:

1. A conviction in a criminal proceeding or named as a defendant in a pending criminal proceeding (excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses);

No

2. The entry of an order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, by a court of competent jurisdiction that permanently or temporarily enjoined, barred, suspended or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities, or banking activities;

No

3. A finding or judgment by a court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Commodity Futures Trading Commission, or a state securities regulator of a violation of federal or state securities or commodities law, which finding or judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated; or

No

4. The entry of an order by a self-regulatory organization that permanently or temporarily barred, suspended, or otherwise limited such person's involvement in any type of business or securities activities.

No

B. On May 3, 2018, American E Group LLC (AEG) commenced a lawsuit against the Company in the United States District Court Southern District of New York (Case Number 18-cv-3969). The lawsuit seeks to enforce a promissory note (the "Note") in the amount of \$30,000 that required the Company to issue \$50,000 worth of restricted stock to AEG. The Company retained Gusrae Kaplan Nusbaum, PLLC as litigation counsel. Pursuant to the Company's motion to dismiss the complaint, on October 29, 2018, the Court eliminated the provision of the Note that required the delivery to AEG of \$50,000 worth of restricted stock because it violates Section 190.40 of New York's Penal Law against criminal usury. On December 7, 2018, AEG's moved to amend its complaint to re-assert its claims seeking Livewire restricted stock that were previously dismissed. By Order dated August 2, 2019, the Court denied AEG motion to amend to the extent it sought to re-assert claims against Livewire seeking the restricted stock. On April 19, 2019, the Company filed amended counterclaims against AEG, which includes a claim for a declaratory judgment that the Note is void and AEG cannot recover any principal or interest on the loan. The Company also filed third party claims against JS Barkats PLLC ("JSB") and Sunny Barkats (the law firm and lawyer who represented the Company in connection with the Note transaction) alleging: (i) constructive fraud; (ii) breach of fiduciary duty; (iii) breach of implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing (solely against JSB); (iv) legal malpractice; and (v) civil conspiracy. The Company also filed third party claims against Elana Hirsch for (i) aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duty and (ii) civil conspiracy. AEG and related parties have dismissed their counsel numerous times and the Company is exploring further possibilities to dismiss the claim.

## 9) Third Party Providers

Please provide the name, address, telephone number and email address of each of the following outside providers:

### Securities Counsel

Name: Michael Corrigan, Esq.  
Firm: Corrigan Law  
Address 1: 10525 Vista Sorrento Pkwy, #200  
Address 2: San Diego, CA 92121  
Phone: 619-535-1100  
Email : mike@corriganlaw.net

Consulting Services

Name: Rainer Poertner  
Firm: Alliance Consulting  
Nature of Services: Business Consulting  
Address 1: 4712 Admiralty Way, #173|  
Address 2: Marina del Rey, CA 90292  
Phone: 442.287.5059  
Email: rpoertner@dynamicmarketconcepts.com

**10) Issuer Certification**

I, Bill Hodson certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Disclosure Statement of Livewire Ergogenics, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this disclosure statement does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this disclosure statement; and
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included or incorporated by reference in this disclosure statement, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the issuer as of, and for the periods presented in this disclosure statement.

Dated: November 15, 2019

By:/s/ Bill J. Hodson  
Chief Executive Officer  
Chief Accounting Office